

JAY FAIN & ASSOCIATES, LLC Environmental Consulting Services

Jay Fain

Principal
elmst@optonline.net

SOILS MAPPING & WETLAND/WATERCOURSE DELINEATION REPORT 79 OLD CNE ROAD, LAKEVILLE, CT 06039

2000 Post Road Suite 201 Fairfield, CT 06824 203 254-3156 jfassociates@optonline.net

Victoria Landau Principal, ASLA vplandau@optonline.net Page 1

PROPERTY LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION:

REPORT COMPLETED FOR:

LAND USE:

Single Family Residence

ACRES: 2.0±

NAME:

Alice Gottesman

A Slice Of, LLC

ADDRESS: 79 Old CNE Road

Lakeville, CT 06039

MAILING ADDRESS:

c/o Mark Capecelatro

RESS:

mark@capecelatro.com

WETLANDS/WATERCOURSE JURISDICTION

The Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act (Connecticut General Statutes §22a-38) define inland wetlands as "land, including submerged land, which consists of any soil types designated as poorly drained, very poorly drained, alluvial, and floodplain." Water courses are defined in the act as "rivers, streams, brooks, waterways, lakes, ponds, marshes, swamps, bogs and all other bodies of water, natural or artificial, vernal or intermittent, public or private, which are contained within, flow through or border upon the state or any portion thereof."

MAPPING AND DELINEATION METHODOLOGY

Soils analysis, as described in this report, is intended as an inventory and evaluation of the existing soil characteristics on the subject property. A first order soil survey in accordance with the principles and practices noted in the USDA publication *Soil Survey Manual* (1993) was completed at the site. Soil units mapped in the field correspond with those in the USDA publication *Soil Survey of Fairfield County, Connecticut* (1981).

Wetland identification was based on the presence of poorly drained, very poorly drained, alluvial, or floodplain soils and submerged land (e.g. a pond). These and other soil types were identified by observation of soil morphology (soil texture, color, structure, etc.). To observe the morphology of the property's soils, numerous two-foot deep test pits and/or hand borings were completed throughout the site. Transects were located perpendicular to and at representative points along the perceived boundaries of the wetland areas identified on the property. Soil morphologies were observed at soil sampling points along the transects. Sampling began well outside the bounds of the wetland and continued towards it until inland wetland soils were observed. This point on each transect was marked (flagged) with an orange surveyor's tape labeled "Wetland Boundary". The complete boundary of every wetland area is located along the lines that connect these sequentially numbered boundary points.

Intermittent watercourses were delineated by a defined permanent channel and bank and the occurrence of two or more of the following characteristics: A) evidence of scour or deposits of recent alluvium or detritus, B) the presence of standing or flowing water for a duration longer than a particular storm incident, and C) the presence of hydrophytic vegetation. Surveyor's tape, which was labeled "Wetland Boundary" and sequentially numbered, was placed at critical points to demarcate the boundary of each delineated watercourse.

The wetland and watercourse boundaries are subject to change until adopted by local or state regulatory agencies.

DATE AND CONDITIONS AT TIME OF INSPECTION

DATE: March 22, 2023 INSPECTED BY:

Jay Fain

WEATHER:

Cool, Cloudy

SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS:

DRY

y MOIST

WET

FROST N/A

SNOW N/A

CERTIFICATION

JAY FAIN, PRINCIPAL SOIL SCIENTIST

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WETLAND/WATERCOURSE IDENTIFIED

FLAG NUMBERS	WETLAND TYPE	SOIL TYPE	COMMENTS
1 - 12	Lake	Open Water	No Wetland Fringe, Lake Only

SOIL MAP UNITS

Each soil map unit that was identified on the property represents a specific area on the landscape and consists of one or more soils for which the unit is named. Other soils (inclusions that are generally too small to be delineated separately) may account for 10 to 15 percent of the map unit. The mapped units are identified in the following table by name and symbol and typical characteristics (parent material, drainage class, high water table, depth to bedrock, and slope) of each unit are provided. These are generally the primary characteristics to be considered in land use planning and management. A narrative that defines each characteristic and describes their land use implications follows the table. Complete descriptions of each soil map unit can be found in the *Soil Survey of Fairfield County, Connecticut* (1981).

WETLAND SOILS

SOIL		PARENT	SLOPE	DRAINAGE	HIGH	DEPTH TO		
SYM.	NAME	MATERIAL	%	CLASS	DEPTH (ft)	KIND	MOS.	BEDROCK (in)
Lake Only	-			-	-			-

UPLAND SOILS

SOIL		PARENT	SLOPE	DRAINAGE	HIGH WATER TABLE			DEPTH TO
SYM.		MATERIAL	%	CLASS	DEPTH (ft)	SYM.	NAME	BEDROCK (in)
PbB	Paxton	Compact Glacial Till	3-8	Well drained	>6.0		-	>60

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SOIL CHARACTERISTICS: DEFINITIONS AND LAND USE IMPLICATIONS

PARENT MATERIAL:

Parent material is the unconsolidated organic and mineral material in which soil forms. Soil inherits characteristics, such as mineralogy and texture, from its parent material. Glacial till is unsorted, nonstratified glacial drift consisting of clay, silt, sand and boulders transported and deposited by glacial ice. Glacial outwash consists of gravel, sand and silt, which is commonly stratified, deposited by glacial melt water. Alluvium is material such as sand, silt or clay deposited on land by streams. Organic deposits consist of decomposed plant and animal parts.

A soil's texture affects the ease of digging, filling and compacting and the permeability of a soil. Generally sand and gravel soils, such as outwash soils, have higher permeability rates than most glacial till soils. Soil permeability affects the cost to design and construct subsurface sanitary disposal facilities and, if too slow or too fast, may preclude their use. Outwash soils are generally excellent sources of natural aggregates (sand and gravel) suitable for commercial use, such as construction subbase material. Organic layers in soils can cause movement of structural footings. Compacted glacial till layers make excavating more difficult and may preclude the use of subsurface sanitary disposal systems or increase their design and construction costs if fill material is required.

SLOPE:

Generally soils with steeper slopes increase construction costs, increase the potential for erosion and sedimentation impacts, and reduce the feasibility of locating subsurface sanitary disposal facilities.

DRAINAGE CLASS:

Drainage class refers to the frequency and duration of periods of soil saturation or partial saturation during soil formation. Seven classes of natural drainage classes exist. They range from excessively drained, where water is removed from the soil very rapidly, to very poorly drained, where water is removed so slowly that free water remains at or near the soil surface during most of the growing season. Soil drainage affects the type and growth of plants found in an area. When landscaping or gardening, drainage class information can be used to assure that proposed plants are adapted to existing drainage conditions or that necessary alterations to drainage conditions (irrigation or drainage systems) are provided to assure plant survival.

HIGH WATER TABLE: High water table is the highest level of a saturated zone in the soil in most years. The water table can affect when shallow excavations can be made; the ease of the excavations, construction, and grading; and the supporting capacity of the soil. Shallow water tables may preclude the use of subsurface sanitary disposal systems or increase design and construction costs if fill material is required.

DEPTH TO BEDROCK: The depth to bedrock refers to the depth to fixed rock. Bedrock depth affects the ease and cost of construction, such as digging, filling, compacting and planting. Shallow depth bedrock may preclude the use of subsurface sanitary disposal systems or increase design and construction costs if fill material is required.

Town of Salisbury

Geographic Information System (GIS)





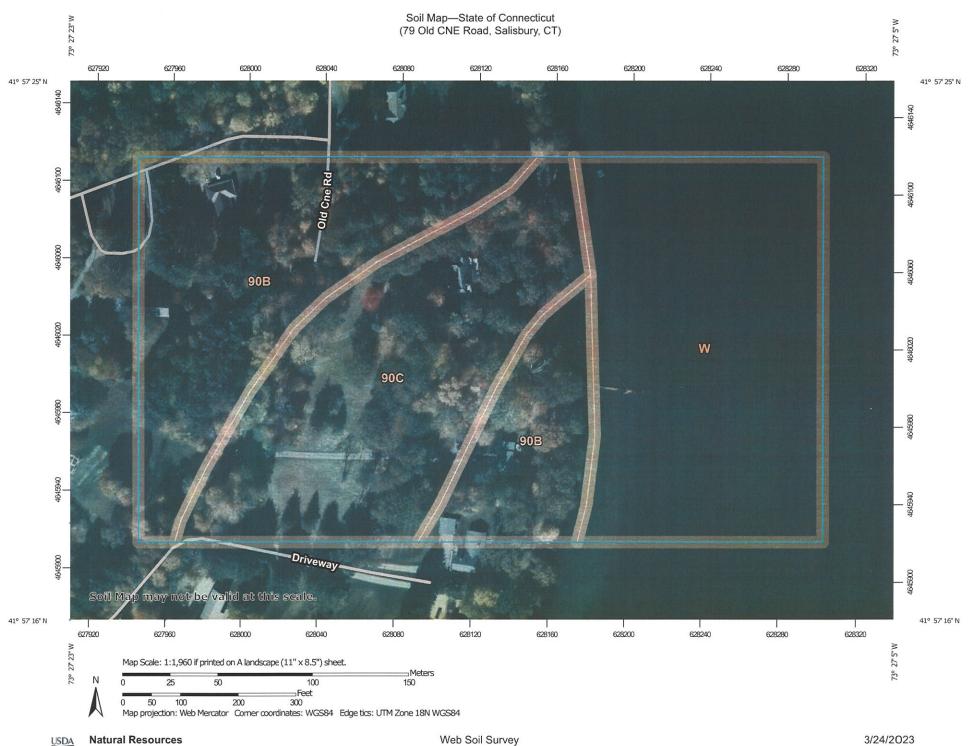
MAP DISCLAIMER - NOTICE OF LIABILITY

This map is for assessment purposes only. It is not for legal description or conveyances. All information is subject to verification by any user. The Town of Salisbury and its mapping contractors assume no legal responsibility for the information contained herein.

Approximate Scale: 1 inch = 376 feet



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JEA 3/2/23



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water
Rock Outcrop







Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut Survey Area Data: Version 22, Sep 12, 2022

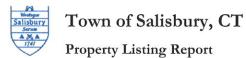
Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 21, 2022—Oct 27, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
90B	Stockbridge loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	6.3	35.6%
90C	Stockbridge loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	5.3	30.3%
W	Water	6.0	34.1%
Totals for Area of Interest	·	17.6	100.0%



Map Block Lot

40-29

Building #

Section #

Account

98101401

Property Information

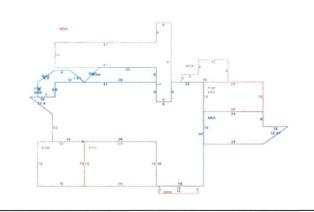
Property Location	79 OLD CNE ROAD				
Owner	A SLICE OF LLC				
Co-Owner	na				
Mailing Address	118 WEST 79TH STREET #15AB				
Maining Address	NEW YORK	NY	10024		
Land Use	1-1 RES	LAND MDL	01		
Land Class	R				
Zoning Code	LA				
Census Tract					

Street Index	24	
Acreage	3.53	
Utilities	UNKNOWN	
Lot Setting/Desc	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN
Additional Info		

Photo



Sketch



Primary Construction Details

Year Built	1965
Stories	1
Building Style	Modern/Contemp
Building Use	Residential
Building Condition	
Interior Floors 1	Wood
Interior Floors 2	NA
Total Rooms	5
Basement Garages	
Occupancy	1.00
Building Grade	Α-
	1

Bedrooms	3 Bedrooms
Full Bathrooms	3
Half Bathrooms	0
Extra Fixtures	0
Bath Style	Average
Kitchen Style	Average
Roof Style	average
Roof Cover	average
АС Туре	None
Fireplaces	

Exterior Walls	Average
Exterior Walls 2	NA
Interior Walls	average
Interior Walls 2	NA
Heating Type	Forced Air-Duc
Heating Fuel	Gas/Propane
Sq. Ft. Basement	
Fin BSMT Quality	
Extra Kitchens	
	>

Report Created On

3/24/2023

Salisbury, CT Saria A & A

Property Listing Report

Map Block Lot

40-29

Building #

Section #

Account

98101401

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Valuation Sumi	mary (As	sessed value = 70%	of Apprai	sed Value)	Sub Areas				
Item	Appr	aised	A	ssessed	Subarea Type		Gross Area (sq ft)		Living Area (sq ft)
Buildings	356700		249700	jy .	First Floor		2392		2392
Extras	15000		10500		Attic, Expansion,	Finished	1784		981
Improvements					Garage		342		0
Outbuildings	0		0		Porch, Open		288		0
Land	3034200		212400	0	Patio		522		0
Total	3405900		238420	00	Utility, Storage, U	nfinished	288		0
Outbuilding as	nd Extra F	eatures			Wood Deck		779		0
Туре		Description	<u> </u>						
Fireplace		2.00 UNITS							
					4				
	- 100 - 100 - 100		1	İ	§ .				
1									
					Total Area		6395		3373
Sales History	A Participation of the Control of th					1			
Owner of Record			Book/ Page	Sale Date	:	Sale Price	e		
LOMBARDO JOVIN	C + ARLENE I	₹			0148/0705	08/01/19	90	0	
LOMBARDO JOVIN	С				0224/0391	06/22/20	09	0	
A SLICE OF LLC					0267/1033	03/02/20	22	4250000	