THE INLAND WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES COMMISSION REGULATIONS OF THE TOWN OF SALISBURY, CONNECTICUT

Last Revised:

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Section 1 Title, Authority, and Statement of Purpose

- 5 The inland wetlands and watercourses of the State of Connecticut are an indispensable and 1.1 6 7 irreplaceable but fragile natural resource with which the citizens of the state have been endowed. The wetlands and watercourses are an interrelated web of nature essential to an adequate supply 8 of surface and underground water; to hydrological stability and control of flooding and erosion; to 9 the recharging and purification of groundwater; and to the existence of many forms of animal, 10 aquatic and plant life. Many inland wetlands and watercourses have been destroyed or are in danger of destruction because of unregulated use by reason of the deposition, filling or removal of 11 12 material, the diversion or obstruction of water flow, the erection of structures and other uses, all of which have despoiled, polluted and eliminated wetlands and watercourses. Such unregulated 13 14 activity has had, and will continue to have, a significant, adverse impact on the environment and 15 ecology of the state of Connecticut and has and will continue to imperil the quality of the environment 16 thus adversely affecting the ecological, scenic, historic and recreational values and benefits of the state 17 for its citizens now and forever more. The preservation and protection of the wetlands and 18 watercourses from random, unnecessary, undesirable and unregulated uses, disturbance or 19 destruction is in the public interest and is essential to the health, welfare and safety of the citizens 20 of the state. It is, therefore, the purpose of these regulations to protect the citizens of the state by making provisions for the protection, preservation, maintenance and use of the inland wetlands and 21 22 watercourses by minimizing their disturbance and pollution; maintaining and improving water quality 23 in accordance with the highest standards set by federal, state or local authority; preventing damage 24 from erosion, turbidity or siltation; preventing loss of fish and other beneficial aquatic organisms, 25 wildlife and vegetation and the destruction of the natural habitats thereof; deterring and inhibiting the 26 danger of flood and pollution; protecting the quality of wetlands and watercourses for their 27 conservation, economic, aesthetic, recreational and other public and private uses and values; and 28 protecting the state's potable fresh water supplies from the dangers of drought, overdraft, pollution, 29 misuse and mismanagement by providing an orderly process to balance the need for the economic 30 growth of the state and the use of its land with the need to protect its environment and ecology 31 in order to forever guarantee to the people of the state, the safety of such natural resources for their 32 benefit and enjoyment and for the benefit and enjoyment of generations yet unborn. 33
- These regulations shall be known as the "Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission
 Regulations of the Town of Salisbury."
- The Conservation Commission of the Town of Salisbury was established in accordance with an
 ordinance adopted as Ordinance 30 in 1972 and shall implement the purposes and provisions of
 these regulations and the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act in the Town of Salisbury.
- 41 1.4 The Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission was established in accordance with the Town of
 42 Salisbury Ordinance 125, effective October 28, 2020, assuming and implanting the purposes and
 43 provisions of these regulations and the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act.
- 45 1.5 These regulations have been adopted and may be amended, from time to time, in accordance with46 the provisions of the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act and these regulations.
- The Agency shall enforce the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act and shall issue, issue with terms,
 conditions, limitations or modifications, or deny permits for all regulated activities in the Town of
 Salisbury pursuant to sections 22a-36 to 22a-45, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, as
 amended.
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- 1.7 The Inland Wetland and Watercourses Commission of the Town of Salisbury finds that the Town's wetlands and watercourses are exceptional and valuable resources that require diligent stewardship for the general health and welfare of the community and as unique resources that benefit the citizens of the entire State.
 - a. Salisbury hosts a rich diversity of wetlands and watercourses that are un-fragmented and interconnected. Large portions of the State have lost this connectivity and ecological resiliency. The importance and value of Salisbury's wetland and watercourses will increase over time as more of the State's resources become fragmented by urbanization.
 - b. Salisbury has the highest elevations within the State, in excess of 2,000 feet above sea level. As the effects of climate change increase, scientific modeling has demonstrated that wetlands and watercourses originating at high elevations will be the last refuges for certain cold-water limited aquatic species within the State.
 - c. Six large lakes lie within Salisbury's boundaries. Two are at high elevations atop the Taconic Uplift (Riga Lake, 1750 feet above sea level and South Pond, 1715 feet above sea level); four lie on the valley floor at slightly over 700 feet above sea level. Lakeville Lake, the deepest natural lake in Connecticut (106 feet at its deepest point) is fed both by springs and surface run-off. The impounded Twin Lakes in the northeastern section of Town are the headwaters of Schenob Brook, a nationally recognized watershed of high ecological importance. These three lakes and the fourth valley floor lake (Long Pond) are important recreational resources for the Town and the State. They are among the most sought-after residential areas and are under increasing threat from overdevelopment.
 - d. Salisbury's rich diversity of wetlands and watercourses serve as habitat for robust populations of many endangered, threatened, and special concern wetland-dependent plant and wildlife species. Habitats such as fens, high-gradient coldwater streams, and vernal pools are among the varied habitats in Salisbury that contain many of these species and merit enhanced protection. Additional critical wetland habitats as defined by Connecticut DEEP such as Acidic Red/Black Spruce Basin Swamp, Poor Fen, Rich Fen, Circumneutral Spring Fen, Floodplain Forest are also found in Salisbury. These areas are rare, unique, and specialized wildlife habitats recognized by the state of Connecticut as being of conservation interest.
 - f. The Housatonic River, which is a Federally designated Wild and Scenic River, is the eastern boundary of Salisbury. The Salmon Kill and Moore Brook are two major tributaries to the Housatonic River that originate in Salisbury. The Salmon Kill Valley and its broad floodplains are an iconic pastoral landscape that has remained relatively unchanged since the early 20th century.
 - g. Altered precipitation patterns caused by climate change place new stresses upon wetland and watercourses. Increased flooding threatens both human and natural infrastructure. Comprehensive review of activities occurring in wetlands and the upland review areas adjacent to wetlands and watercourses is an important climate change resiliency strategy.

96 07		Section 2	
97 98		Definitions	
99	2.1	As used in these regulations:	
100 101		"Act" means the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Act, sections 22a-36 through 22a-45,	
101		inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended.	
102		inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended.	
103		"Agency" means the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission of the Town of Salisbury.	
104		Agency means the finance wetlands and watercourses commission of the fown of Sansbury.	
105		"Agent Approval" - An inland wetlands agency may delegate to its duly authorized agent the authority	
100		to approve or extend an activity that is not located in a wetland or watercourse when such agent finds	
107		that the conduct of such activity would result in no greater than a minimal impact on any wetland or	
100		watercourse.	
110		watercourse.	
111		"Bogs" are watercourses distinguished by evergreen trees and shrubs underlain by peat deposits,	
112		poor or very poor drainage, and highly acidic conditions.	
113		For a very for analysis and again, and a contraction	
114		"Clearing" means the removal of all vegetation down to a two-inch diameter at breast height	
115			
116		"Clear-cutting" means the harvest of timber in a fashion which removes all trees down to a two-	
117		inch diameter at breast height.	
118			
119		"Commissioner of Environmental Protection" means the commissioner of the State of Connecticut	
120		Department of Environmental Protection.	
121			
122		"Continual flow" means a flow of water, which persists for an extended period of time; this flow	
123		may be interrupted during periods of drought or during the low flow period of the annual	
124		hydrological cycle, June through September, but it recurs in prolonged succession.	
125			
126		"Cumulative Impact" is the impact on the environment that results from the compounding of	
127		incremental impact of an activity or action when added to other past, present, and reasonably	_
128		foreseeable future actions.	- C
129			cc in
130		"Deposit" includes, but shall not be limited to fill, grade, dump, place, discharge or emit.	
131		"Distance" many spinishes of any setting substance on material into setting of the state spinishes	C
132		"Discharge" means emission of any water, substance, or material into waters of the state whether	cu
133 134		or not such substance causes pollution.	al
134		"Essential to the farming operation" means that the proposed activity is necessary and	co
135		indispensable to sustain farming activities on the farm.	
130		nuspensable to sustain raining activities on the raini.	
138		"Farming" shall be consistent with the definition as noted in section 1-1(q) of the Connecticut	
139		General Statutes. (See Appendix A)	
140			
141		"Feasible" means able to be constructed or implemented consistent with sound engineering	
142		principles.	
143		1 1	
144		"Grubbing" means digging to remove or uproot trees or stumps.	
145			
146		"Headwaters" are composed of numerous small tributaries and groundwater seepages which coalesce	
147		into larger tributaries and are the source of all rivers and streams.	
148			

Commented [AC2]: 22a-1b(c) the environmental onsequences of the proposed action including...cumulative npact

Commented [AC3R2]: EPA: May 1999 the assessment of unulative impacts - National Environmental Policy Act for ctions of federal agencies. The concept takes into account ll disturbances since cumulative impacts result in the ompounding of effect. Compounding = good word.

"Jurisdictional Ruling" is a ruling made by the Agency when determining if an activity is exempt from 150 permitting on the basis of as of right or nonregulated use in accordance with Section 4 of these 151 Regulations or on the basis that the proposed activity is not regulated. 152 "License" means the whole or any part of any permit, certificate of approval or similar form of 153 154 permission, which may be required of any person by the provisions of sections 22a-36 to 22a-45, 155 inclusive. 156 "Management practice" means a practice, procedure, activity, structure or facility designed to 157 prevent or minimize pollution or other environmental damage or to maintain or enhance existing 158 159 environmental quality. Such management practices include, but are not limited to: erosion and 160 sedimentation controls; restrictions on land use or development; construction setbacks from 161 wetlands or watercourses; proper disposal of waste materials; procedures for equipment 162 maintenance to prevent fuel spillage; construction methods to prevent flooding or disturbance of 163 wetlands and watercourses; procedures for maintaining continuous stream flows; confining construction that must take place in watercourses to times when water flows are low and fish and 164 165 wildlife will not be adversely affected. 166 "Marshes" are watercourses that are distinguished by the absence of trees and shrubs and the 167 168 dominance of soft-stemmed herbaceous plants. The water table in marshes is at or above the 169 ground surface throughout the year and areas of open water six inches or more in depth are 170 common, but seasonal water table fluctuations are encountered. 171 "Municipality" means the Town of Salisbury. 172 173 174 "Nurseries" means places where plants are grown for sale, transplanting, or experimentation. 175 176 "Ordinary high-water mark (watercourse) means the mark on the land caused by the presence and 177 action of flowing water (including sediments and debris) which presence and action is so common. 178 usual and sustained in all ordinary years so as to mark upon the land a distinction between the abutting 179 upland and the watercourse. 180 181 "Ordinary high-water mark (lake, pond, vernal pool) means the line along the shore providing evidence of the water level based on vegetative characteristics such as the presence of aquatic emergent or 182 floating vegetation and/or physical characteristics such as a discernable natural line impressed on a 183 184 bank, scouring, shelving, staining, or the presence of sediments or debris. 185 186 "Permit" see license 187 "Permittee" means the person to whom a license has been issued. 188 189 "Person" means any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, limited liability company, company, organization or legal entity of any kind, including municipal corporations, governmental 190 191 agencies or subdivisions thereof. 192 193 "Pollution" means harmful thermal effect or the contamination or rendering unclean or impure of 194 any waters of the state by reason of any waste or other materials discharged or deposited therein 195 by any public or private sewer or otherwise so as directly or indirectly to come in contact with any waters. This includes, but is not limited to, erosion and sedimentation resulting from any 196 197 filling, land clearing or excavation activity. 198 199 "Prudent" means economically and otherwise reasonable in light of the social benefits to be 200 derived from the proposed regulated activity provided cost may be considered in deciding what is --4

prudent and further provided a mere showing of expense will not necessarily mean an alternative is imprudent.

"Regulated activity" (1) means any operation within or use of a wetland or watercourse or its associated upland review area involving removal or deposition of material, or any obstruction, construction, alteration or pollution, of such wetlands or watercourses, but shall not include the specified activities in Section 22a-40 of the Connecticut General Statutes or Section 4 of the Commission Regulations. The term "regulated activity" shall include, but is not limited to, any earth moving, clearing, grubbing, filling, grading, paving, excavating, constructing, depositing, or removing of material, and discharging of stormwater on the land, or clear cutting of trees within the following upland review areas when those activities are likely to impact or affect wetlands or watercourses:

a. Within 150 feet measured horizontally from the boundary of wetlands or from the ordinary high-water mark of any watercourse. The activities referenced in subsections b-e below are excluded from subsection a.

b. Within 300 feet measured horizontally from the boundary of a fen.

c. Within 300 feet measured horizontally from the ordinary high-water mark of a high-gradient, coldwater stream.

d. Within 300 feet measured horizontally from the ordinary high-water mark of a vernal pool.

e. Within 75 feet measured horizontally from the ordinary high-water mark of Lake Wononskopomuc. Any active portion of any subsurface waste disposal system within 150 feet of the ordinary high-water mark of these four lakes is deemed a regulated activity.

f. Within 75 feet measured horizontally from the ordinary high-water mark of Lake Wononpakook. Any active portion of any subsurface waste disposal system within 150 feet of the ordinary high-water mark of these four lakes is deemed a regulated activity.

g. Within 75 feet measured horizontally from the ordinary high-water mark of Lake Washining. Any active portion of any subsurface waste disposal system within 150 feet of the ordinary high-water mark of these four lakes is deemed a regulated activity.

h. Within 75 feet measured horizontally from the ordinary high-water mark of Lake Washinee. Any active portion of any subsurface waste disposal system within 150 feet of the ordinary high-water mark of these four lakes is deemed a regulated activity.

(2) the agency may rule that any other activity located in a non-wetland or non-watercourse area is likely to impact or affect wetlands or watercourses and is a regulated activity.

"Remove" includes, but shall not be limited to drain, excavate, mine, dig, dredge, suck, bulldoze, dragline or blast.

"Rendering unclean or impure" means any alteration of the physical, chemical or biological properties of any waters of the state, including, but not limited to, change in odor, color, turbidity or taste.

"Significant impact" means any activity, including, but not limited to, the following activities which may have a major effect:

substantia	tivity involving deposition or removal of material wh al effect on the wetland or watercourse or on wetl or which the activity is proposed.	
	tivity which substantially changes the natural channe of a watercourse system.	l or may inhibit the natural
watercou	tivity which substantially diminishes the natural capa rse to: support aquatic, plant or animal life and ha similate waste; facilitate drainage; provide recreation	bitats; prevent flooding; supply
	tivity which is likely to cause or has the potential to c or sedimentation in a wetland or watercourse.	cause substantial turbidity,
	tivity which causes substantial diminution of flow of tter levels of the wetland or watercourse.	a natural watercourse or
6. Any ac or waterc	tivity which is likely to cause or has the potential ourse.	to cause pollution of a wetland
	ctivity which damages or destroys unique wetland ing demonstrable scientific or educational value.	or watercourse areas or such
"Soil scientist" m Office of Personn	eans an individual duly qualified in accordance with s el Management.	standards set by the federal
"Swamps" are wa	tercourses that are distinguished by the dominance	of wetland trees and shrubs.
"Submerged land frequent basis.	s" means those lands which are inundated by wate	er on a seasonal or more
"Town" means th	e Town of Salisbury.	
watercourses that	Area" is a defined area of land outside of but adjacent may be necessary to provide protection from the adv. The Commission or its agent has the authority to rev pland review area.	erse impacts of
	ewage or any substance, liquid, gaseous, solid or r e any of the wetlands and watercourses of the Tow	
all other bodies of contained within,	teans rivers, streams, brooks, waterways, lakes, ponds water, natural or artificial, vernal or intermittent, pul flow through or border upon the Town or any portior through 22a-35, inclusive, of the Connecticut Gener	blic or private, which are a thereof not regulated pursuant
d	ludes: Freumneutral Spring Fen - Naturally open wetlands o ischarge sites; peat accumulation minimal. Subtypes i hragmites, woodland, and other/unique.	

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305	2. Rich Fen - Natural peatlands occupying topographically defined basins; influenced by	
306	base-rich waters; on deep, poorly decomposed peats; restricted to the western marble	
307	valleys. Subtypes include sedge, shrub thicket, dwarf shrub, woodland, phragmites,	
308	and other/unique	
309	-	
310	3. Poor Fen - Natural peatlands (bogs) occupying topographically defined basins;	
311	influenced by acidic ground water; on deep, poorly decomposed peats; dominated	
312	primarily by ericaceous shrubs. Subtypes include dwarf shrub, shrub thicket, saturated	
313	woodland, and other/unique	
314		
315	"High-Gradient Coldwater Streams" are headwaters usually originating from high elevation	
316	wetlands. Occurring 800' above sea level, they receive not only surface water, but also large	
317	amounts of subterranean seepage that break out at various fissures in the bedrock, adding cold	
318	water to these streams as they plunge over steep cliffs and boulders.	Comment
319		(ct.gov)
320	"Intermittent Watercourses" shall be delineated by a defined permanent channel and bank and	
321	the occurrence of two or more of the following characteristics: (A) Evidence of scour or	
322	deposits of recent alluvium or detritus, (B) the presence of standing or flowing water for a	
323	duration longer than a particular storm incident, and (C) the presence of hydrophytic	
324	vegetation.	
325		
326	"Vernal Pools" are seasonally inundated depressions that attain maximum depths in spring or	
327	fall and lack permanent surface water connections with other wetlands or water bodies. Vernal	
328	pools are determined by both the physical characteristics and the presence of indicator/obligate	
329	species.	
330		
331	"Wetlands" means land, including submerged land as defined in this section, not regulated	
332	pursuant to sections 22a-28 through 22a-35, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, which	
333	consists of any of the soil types designated as poorly drained, very poorly drained, alluvial and	
334	floodplain by the National Cooperative Soils Survey, as it may be amended from time to time, of	
335	the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Such	
336	areas may include filled, graded, or excavated sites which possess an aquic (saturated) soil moisture	
337	regime as defined by the USDA Cooperative Soil Survey.	
338		
339	"Wetlands and Watercourses Buffer Area" is an area of undisturbed vegetation bordering a wetland or	
340	watercourse either naturally occurring or planted as mitigation. The buffer may be composed of a	
341	combination of trees, woody vegetation (shrubs, bushes, brush), and herbaceous vegetation	

Commented [AC4]: Cold Water Stream Habitat Map

342 Section 3 343 Inventory of Inland Wetlands and Watercourses 344 Inventory of Inland Wetlands and Watercourses

- 345 3.1 The map of wetlands and watercourses entitled "Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Map, 346 Salisbury, Connecticut" delineates the general location and boundaries of inland wetlands and the 347 general location of watercourses. Copies of this map are available for inspection at the office of the Town Clerk or the Agency. In all cases, the precise location of wetlands and watercourses 348 349 shall be determined by the actual character of the land, the distribution of wetland soil types and 350 location of watercourses. Such determinations shall be made by field inspection and testing conducted 351 by a soil scientist where soil determinations are required, or where watercourse determinations are 352 required, by any qualified individual. The Agency may use aerial photography, remote sensing 353 imagery, resource mapping, soils maps, site inspection observations or other information in 354 determining the location of the boundaries of wetlands and watercourses
- Any person may petition the Agency for an amendment to the map. All petitions for a map change shall
 be submitted in writing and shall include all relevant facts and circumstances which support the change.
 The petitioner shall bear the burden of proof regarding the proposed map amendment. Such proof may
 include, but not be limited to aerial photography, remote sensing imagery, resource mapping or other
 available information. The Agency may require such person to provide an accurate delineation of
 regulated areas in accordance with section 15 of these regulations.
- 363 3.3 The Agency shall maintain a current inventory of regulated areas within the town. The Agency
 364 may amend its map as more accurate information becomes available.
 365
- 366 3.4 All map amendments are subject to the public hearing process outlined in section 15 of these
 regulations.

369		Section 4
370 371		Jurisdictional Rulings for Permitted Uses as of Right & Nonregulated Uses
371		remitted Uses as of Right & Nonregulated Uses
372	4.1	To carry out the purposes of this section, any person proposing a permitted operation and use or a
373	4.1	nonregulated operation and use shall, prior to commencement of such operation and use, notify the
375		Agency on a form provided by it, and provide the Agency with sufficient information to enable it to
376		properly determine that the proposed operation and use is a permitted or nonregulated use of a wetland
377		or watercourse. The Agency shall rule that the proposed operation and use or portion of it is a permitted
378		or nonregulated operation and use or that the proposed operation and use is a regulated activity, and a
379		permit is required.
380		permit is required.
381	4.2	The following operations and uses shall be permitted in inland wetlands and watercourses, as of
382		right:
383		
384		a. grazing, farming, nurseries, gardening and harvesting of crops and farm ponds of three acres
385		or less essential to the farming operation, and activities conducted by, or under the authority
386		of, the Department of Environmental Protection for the purposes of wetland or watercourse
387		restoration or enhancement or mosquito control. The provisions of this subdivision shall not
388		be construed to include road construction or the erection of buildings not directly related to
389		the farming operation, relocation of watercourses with continual flow, filling or reclamation of
390		wetlands or watercourses with continual flow, clear cutting of timber except for the expansion
391		of agricultural crop land, the mining of top soil, peat, sand, gravel or similar material from
392		wetlands or watercourses for the purposes of sale;
393		
394		b. a residential home (i) for which a building permit has been issued or (ii) on a subdivision lot,
395		provided the permit has been issued or the subdivision has been approved by a municipal planning,
396		zoning or planning and zoning commission as of the effective date of promulgation of the
397 398		municipal regulations pursuant to subsection (b) of section 22a-42a, or as of July 1, 1974,
398 399		which ever is earlier, and further provided no residential home shall be permitted as of right pursuant to this subdivision unless the permit was obtained on or before July 1, 1987;
400		pursuant to this subdivision diffess the permit was obtained on of before July 1, 1987,
401		c. boat anchorage or mooring;
402		c. boat alchorage of mooring,
403		d. uses incidental to the enjoyment and maintenance of residential property, such property
404		defined as equal to or smaller than the largest minimum residential lot site permitted
405		anywhere in the municipality provided that in any town where there are no zoning regulations
406		establishing minimum residential lot sites, the largest minimum lot site shall be two acres.
407		Such incidental uses shall include maintenance of existing structures and landscaping, but
408		shall not include removal or deposition of significant amounts of material from or onto a
409		wetland or watercourse, or diversion or alteration of a watercourse;
410		
411		e. Construction and operation, by water companies as defined by section 16-1 of the
412		Connecticut General Statutes or by municipal water supply systems as provided for in chapter 102
413		of the Connecticut General Statutes, of dams, reservoirs and other facilities necessary to the
414		impounding, storage and withdrawal of water in connection with public water supplies except
415		as provided in sections 22a-401and 22a-403 of the Connecticut General Statutes and;
416		
417		f. Maintenance relating to any drainage pipe which existed before the effective date of any municipal
418		regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-42a of the Connecticut General Statutes or July 1,
419 420		1974, whichever is earlier, provided such pipe is on property which is zoned as residential but which does not contain hydrophytic vegetation. For purposes of this subdivision, "maintenance"
420		which does not contain nydrophytic vegetation. For purposes of this subdivision, maintenance

means the removal of accumulated leaves, soil, and other debris whether by hand or machine, while the pipe remains in place.

g. Withdrawals of water for fire emergency purposes.

- 426 4.3 The following operations and uses shall be permitted, as nonregulated uses in wetlands and
 427 watercourses, provided they do not disturb the natural and indigenous character of the wetland or
 428 watercourse by removal or deposition of material, alteration or obstruction of water flow or
 429 pollution of the wetland or watercourse:
 - a. conservation of soil, vegetation, water, fish, shellfish and wildlife; and
 - b. outdoor recreation including play and sporting areas, golf courses, field trials, nature study, hiking, horseback riding, swimming, skin diving, camping, boating, water skiing, trapping, hunting, fishing and shellfishing where otherwise legally permitted and regulated.
 - c. The installation of a dry hydrant by or under the authority of a municipal fire department, provided such dry hydrant is only used for firefighting purposes and there is no alternative access to a public water supply. For purposes of this section, "dry hydrant" means a non-pressurized pipe system that: (A) is readily accessible to fire department apparatus from a proximate public road, (B) provides for the withdrawal of water by suction to such fire department apparatus, and (C) is permanently installed into an existing lake, pond or stream that is a dependable source of water.
- 445 4.4 All activities in wetlands or watercourses involving filling, excavating, dredging, clear cutting,
 446 clearing, or grading or any other alteration or use of a wetland or watercourse not specifically permitted
 447 by this section and otherwise defined as a regulated activity by these regulations shall require a permit
 448 from the Agency in accordance with section 6 of these regulations, or for certain regulated activities
 449 located outside of wetlands and watercourses from the duly authorized agent in accordance with
 450 section 12 of these regulations.

452		Section 5
453		Activities Regulated Exclusively by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection
454		
455	5.1	The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall have exclusive jurisdiction over regulated
456		activities in or affecting wetlands or watercourses, undertaken by any department, agency or
457		instrumentality of the State of Connecticut, except any local or regional board of education,
458		pursuant to sections 22a-39 or 22a-45a of the Connecticut General Statues.
459		
460	5.2	The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall have exclusive jurisdiction over tidal
461		wetlands designated and regulated pursuant to sections 22a-28 through 22a-35 of the Connecticut
462		General Statutes, as amended.
463		
464	5.3	The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall have exclusive jurisdiction over activities
465		authorized under a dam repair or removal order issued by the Commissioner of Environmental
466		Protection under section 22a-402 of the Connecticut General Statutes or a permit issued by the
467		Commissioner of Environmental Protection under sections 22a-403 of the Connecticut General
468		Statutes. Any person receiving such dam repair or removal order or permit shall not be required to
469		obtain a permit from a municipal wetlands agency for any action necessary to comply with said dam
470		order or to carry out the activities authorized by said permit.
471		
472	5.4	The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the
473		discharge of fill or dredged materials into the wetlands and watercourses of the state pursuant to section
474		401 of the Federal Clean Water Act, as amended, for activities regulated by the U.S. Army
475		Corps of Engineers under section 404 of the Federal Clean Water Act.

477		
478		Section 6
479		Regulated Activities to be Licensed
480		
481	6.1	No person shall conduct or maintain a regulated activity without first obtaining a permit for such
482		activity from the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission of the Town of Salisbury.
483		
484	6.2	Any person found to be conducting or maintaining a regulated activity without the prior
485		authorization of the Agency, or violating any other provision of these regulations, shall be su

Any person found to be conducting or maintaining a regulated activity without the prior authorization of the Agency, or violating any other provision of these regulations, shall be subject to the enforcement proceedings and penalties prescribed in section 14 of these regulations and any other remedies as provided by law.

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489 Section 7 490 **Permit Application Requirements** 491 492 7.1 Any person intending to conduct a regulated activity or to renew or amend a permit to conduct 493 such activity, shall apply for a permit using a form provided by the Agency. The application shall 494 contain the information described in this section and any other information the Agency may reasonably 495 require. Application shall be made in electronic form through the Land Use Office. 496 497 7.2 If an application to the Town of Salisbury Planning, Zoning, or Planning and Zoning Commission for subdivision or resubdivision of land containing a wetland or watercourse, the applicant shall, in 498 499 accordance with Section 8-3(g), 8-3c, or 8-26, as applicable, of the Connecticut General Statutes, 500 submit an application for a permit to the Agency in accordance with this section, no later than the 501 day the application is filed with such planning, zoning, or planning and zoning commission. 502 503 The application shall contain such information as is necessary for a fair and informed 7.3 504 determination thereon by the Agency. 505 506 7.4 A prospective applicant may request the Agency to determine whether or not a proposed activity 507 involves a significant impact activity. 508 509 7.5 All applications shall include the following information in writing, or on maps or drawings: 510 a. the applicant's name, mailing address, and telephone number; if the applicant is a Limited Liability 511 512 Corporation or a Corporation the managing member's or responsible corporate officer's name, 513 mailing address, and telephone number 514 b. the owner's name, mailing address and telephone number and written consent of the land 515 owner if the applicant is not the owner of the land upon which the subject activity is 516 proposed 517 c. the applicant's interest in the land d. the geographical location of the land which is the subject of the proposed activity 518 519 e. a description of the land in sufficient detail to allow identification of the inland wetlands and 520 watercourses 521 the area(s) (in acres or square feet) of wetlands or watercourses to be disturbed, soil i. 522 type(s), and wetland vegetation; 523 ii. the purpose and a description of the proposed activity and proposed erosion and 524 sedimentation controls and other management practices and 525 iii. mitigation measures which may be considered as a condition of issuing a permit for 526 the proposed regulated activity including, but not limited to, measures to: 527 (1) prevent or minimize pollution or other environmental damage, 528 (2) maintain or enhance existing environmental quality, or 529 (3) in the following order of priority: restore, enhance and create productive 530 wetland or watercourse resources; 531 532 f. alternative which would cause less or no environmental impact to wetlands or watercourses 533 and why the alternative as set forth in the application was chosen; all such alternatives shall 534 be diagramed on a site plan or drawing 535 g. a site plan showing the proposed activity and existing and proposed conditions in relation to 536 537 wetlands and watercourses and identifying any further activities associated with, or reasonably 538 related to, the proposed regulated activity which are made inevitable by the proposed 539 regulated activity and which may have an impact on wetlands or watercourses

544			
545		i.	a completed DEEP reporting form; the Agency shall revise or correct the information provided
546			by the applicant and submit the form to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection in
547			accordance with section 22a-39-14 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies
548			accordance with section 224 by 11 of the regulations of connected state regulations
549		j.	submission of the appropriate filing fee based on the fee schedule established in the Bylaws of the
550			Town of Salisbury Inland Wetlands & Watercourses Commission
551			
552	7.6		the discretion of the Agency or its agent, additional information, based on the nature and
553		ant	icipated effects of the activity, including but not limited to the following, may be required:
554			
555		a.	site plans for the proposed activity and the land which will be affected thereby which show existing
556			and proposed conditions, wetland and watercourse boundaries, established upland review area,
557			land contours, boundaries of land ownership, proposed alterations and uses of wetlands and
558			watercourses, and other pertinent features of the land and the proposed activity, prepared by a
559			professional engineer, land surveyor, architect or landscape architect licensed by the state, or by
560			such other qualified person;
561			
562		b.	engineering reports and analyses and additional drawings to fully describe the proposed
563			activity including any filling, excavation, drainage or hydraulic modifications to watercourses and
564			the proposed erosion and sedimentation control plan;
565			
566		c.	mapping of soil types consistent with the categories established by the National Cooperative
567		•.	Soil Survey of the U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Service; the wetlands shall be
568			delineated in the field by a soil scientist and the soil scientist's field delineation shall be
569			depicted on the site plans;
570			depicted on the site plans,
570		d.	authorization for the members and agents of the Agency to inspect the subject land, at reasonable
572		u.	times, during the pendency of an application and for the life of the permit;
573			times, during the pendency of an application and for the fire of the permit,
574		e.	a description of the ecological communities and functions of the wetlands or watercourses involved
575		с.	with the application and the effects of the proposed activity on these communities and
576			wetland functions:
577			weitand renerons,
578		f.	a description of how the applicant will change, diminish, or enhance the ecological
579		1.	communities and functions of the wetlands or watercourses involved in the application and
580			each alternative which would cause less or no environmental impact to wetlands or
581			watercourses, and a description of why each alternative considered was deemed neither
582			feasible nor prudent;
583			reasible not prudent,
585		~	analysis of chemical or physical characteristics of any fill material; and
585		g.	anarysis or enemical or physical characteristics of any fill indicital, and
585 586		h.	management practices and other measures designed to mitigate the impact of the proposed activity.
580 587		п.	management practices and other measures designed to mitigate the impact of the proposed activity.
588	7.7	т	'he applicant shall certify whether:
200	1.1	1	ne appream shall certify whether.

h. statement by the applicant that the applicant is familiar with all the information provided in

the application and is aware of the penalties for obtaining a permit through deception or

through inaccurate or misleading information

a. any portion of the property on which the regulated activity is proposed is located within 500 feet of the boundary of an adjoining municipality;

594 595		municipality to enter or exit the site;
596 597 598		c. sewer or water drainage from the project site will flow through and impact the sewage or drainage system within the adjoining municipality; or,
598 599 600 601		d. water run-off from the improved site will impact streets or other municipal or private property within the adjoining municipality.
602 603 604 605	7.8	Supplemental application materials shall be submitted in hard copy and digital format. Two (2) hard copies of all supplemental application materials shall be submitted to comprise a complete application unless an applicant is otherwise directed, in writing, by the Agency or its agent.
605 606 607 608 609 610	7.9	Any application to renew or amend an existing permit shall be filed with the Agency in accordance with section 8 of these regulations at least sixty-five (65) days prior to the expiration date of the permit. Any application to renew or amend such an existing permit shall contain the information required under section 7 of these regulations provided:
611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622		 a. the application may incorporate the documentation and record of the prior application; b. the application shall describe the extent of work completed at the time of filing and the schedule for completing the activities authorized in the permit; c. the application shall state the reason why the authorized activity was not initiated or completed within the time specified in the permit; d. the application shall describe any changes in facts or circumstances involved with or affecting wetlands or watercourses or use of the land for which the permit was issued; e. the Agency may, prior to the expiration of a permit, accept an untimely application to renew such permit if the authorized activity is ongoing and allow the continuation of work beyond the expiration date if, in its judgment, the permit is likely to be renewed and the public interest or environment will be best served by not interrupting the activity;
623 624 625 626 627 628	7.10	Any application to renew a permit shall be granted upon request of the permit holder unless the Agency finds that there has been a substantial change in circumstances which requires a new permit application or an enforcement action has been undertaken with regard to the regulated activity for which the permit was issued provided no permit may be valid for more than ten years, except as provided in Section 11 of these Regulations and Connecticut General Statutes Section 22a-42a(g).

b. traffic attributable to the completed project on the site will use streets within the adjoining

593

629 630 631		Section 8 Application Procedures
632 633 634	8.1	All petitions, applications, requests or appeals shall be submitted to the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission of the Town of Salisbury.
635 636 637 638	8.2	The Agency shall, in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes section 8-7d(f), notify the clerk of any adjoining municipality of the pendency of any application, petition, appeal, request or plan concerning any project on any site in which:
639 640 641		a. any portion of the property affected by a decision of the agency is within five hundred feet of the boundary of an adjoining municipality;b. a significant portion of the traffic to the completed project on the site will use streets within
641 642		b. a significant portion of the traffic to the completed project on the site will use streets within the adjoining municipality to enter or exit the site;
643 644 645		c. a significant portion of the sewer or water drainage from the project on the site will flow through and significantly impact the drainage or sewerage system within the adjoining municipality; or
646 647 648		 d. water run-off from the improved site will impact streets or other municipal or private property within the adjoining municipality.
649	Such n	otice shall be made by certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall be mailed within seven
650 651	days of	f the date of receipt of the application, petition, appeal, request or plan.
652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661	8.3	When an application is filed to conduct or cause to be conducted a regulated activity upon an inland wetland or watercourse, any portion of which is within the watershed of a water company as defined in section 16-1 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the applicant shall provide written notice of the application to the water company provided such water company has filed a map showing the boundaries of the watershed on the land records of the municipality in which the application is made and with the inland wetlands agency of such municipality. Such notice shall be made by certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall be mailed within seven days of the date of the application. The water company, through a representative, may appear and be heard at any hearing on the application. Documentation of such notice shall be provided to the Agency.
662 663 664 665 666	8.4	The date of receipt of a petition, application, request or appeal shall be the day of the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Agency, immediately following the day of submission to the Agency or its agent of such petition, application, request or appeal or thirty-five days after such submission, whichever is sooner.
667 668 669 670	8.5	At any time during the review period, the applicant shall provide such additional information as the Agency may reasonably require. Requests for such additional information shall not stay the time limitations as set forth in subsection 11.2 of these regulations.
671 672	8.6	All applications shall be open for public inspection.
673	8.7	Incomplete applications may be denied.

Section 9 Public Hearings

- 677 9.1 The inland wetlands agency shall not hold a public hearing on an application unless the inland wetlands 678 agency determines that the proposed activity may have a significant impact on wetlands or 679 watercourses, a petition signed by at least twenty-five persons who are eighteen years of age or older 680 and who reside in the municipality in which the regulated activity is proposed, requesting a hearing is filed with the inland wetlands agency not later than fourteen days after the date of receipt of 681 682 such application, or the inland wetlands agency finds that a public hearing regarding such application would be in the public interest. The inland wetlands agency may issue a permit without a 683 684 public hearing provided no petition provided for in this section is filed with the inland wetlands agency 685 on or before the fourteenth day after the date of receipt of the application. Such hearing shall be held no later than sixty-five days after the receipt of such application. All applications and maps and 686 687 documents relating thereto shall be open for public inspection. At such hearing any person or 688 persons may appear and be heard. 689
- 690 9.2 Legal Notice in Newspaper Notice of the public hearing shall be published by the Agency at least
 691 twice at intervals of not less than two days, the first not more than fifteen days and not fewer than ten
 692 days, and the last not less than two days before the date set for the hearing in a newspaper having a
 693 general circulation in each town where the affected wetland and watercourse is located.
 694
- 695 9.3 Notice to Abutters - Upon the scheduling of a public hearing by the Commission, the applicant shall notify by certified mail all owners of property within 100 feet of the subject property including parcels 696 697 separated from the subject property by a public street or other municipal property, at least seven (7) days in advance of the initial public hearing. The person who owns land shall be the owner indicated on 698 the property tax map or on the last-completed grand list as of the date such notice is mailed. The notice 699 700 shall include a brief description of the application along with the date, time, and location of the public 701 hearing. At or before the public hearing the applicant shall submit to the Commission a list of all 702 property owners notified, and certificates of mailing of the notices to each such property owner, as 703 evidence of compliance with this requirement. 704

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706 707		Section 10 Considerations for Decision
708 709 710	10.1	The Agency may consider the following in making its decision on an application:
711 712 713 714 715		 a. The application and its supporting documentation b. Reports from other agencies and commissions including but not limited to the Town of Salisbury: Planning and Zoning Commission Building Official Town Sanitarian (Torrington Area Health District)
713 716 717 718 719 720		The Agency may also consider comments on any application from the Northwest Conservation District, the Northwest Hills Council of Governments or other regional organizations (i.e. Council of Elected Officials); agencies in adjacent municipalities which may be affected by the proposed activity, or other technical agencies or organizations
721 722 723		which may undertake additional studies or investigations.c. Non-receipt of comments from state agencies and commissions listed in subdivision 10.1b and c above within the prescribed time shall neither delay nor prejudice the decision of the Agency.
724 725 726		d. For an application for which a public hearing is held, public comments, evidence and testimony.
727 728 729 730 731	10.2	Criteria for Decision. In carrying out the purposes and policies of sections 22a-36 to 22a-45, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes, including matters relating to regulating, licensing and enforcing of the provisions thereof, the Agency shall take into consideration all relevant facts and circumstances, including but not limited to:
732 733 734 735		 a. the environmental impact of the proposed regulated activity on wetlands or watercourses; b. the applicant's purpose for, and any feasible and prudent alternatives to, the proposed regulated activity which alternatives would cause less or no environmental impact to wetlands or watercourses.
736 737 738		c. the relationship between the short term and long term impacts of the proposed regulated activity on wetlands or watercourses and the maintenance and enhancement of long-term productivity of such wetlands or watercourses.
739 740 741		d. Irreversible and irretrievable loss of wetland or watercourse resources which would be caused by the proposed regulated activity, including the extent to which such activity would foreclose a future ability to protect, enhance or restore such resources, and any mitigation measures
742 743 744 745		which may be considered as a condition of issuing a permit for such activity including, but not limited to, measures to (1) prevent or minimize pollution or other environmental damage, (2) maintain or enhance existing environmental quality, or (3) in the following order of priority: restore, enhance and create productive wetland or watercourse resources;
746 747 748		e. the character and degree of injury to, or interference with, safety, health or the reasonable use of property which is caused or threatened by the proposed regulated activity; andf. impacts of the proposed regulated activity on wetlands or watercourses outside the area for
749 750 751 752		which the activity is proposed and future activities associated with or reasonably related to, the proposed regulated activity which are made inevitable by the proposed regulated activity and which may have an impact on wetlands and watercourses.
753 754 755 756 757	10.3	In the case of an application which received a public hearing pursuant to a finding by the Agency that the proposed activity may have a significant impact on wetlands or watercourses, a permit shall not be issued unless the Agency finds on the basis of the record that a feasible and prudent alternative does not exist. In making this finding the Agency shall consider the facts and circumstances set forth in subsection 10.2 of this section. The finding and the reasons therefore shall be stated

758 759		on the record in writing.
760 761 762 763 764 765 787	10.4	In the case of an application which is denied on the basis of a finding that there may be feasible and prudent alternatives to the proposed regulated activity which have less adverse impact on wetlands or watercourses, the Agency shall propose on the record in writing the types of alternatives which the applicant may investigate provided this subsection shall not be construed to shift the burden from the applicant to prove that he is entitled to the permit or to present alternatives to the proposed regulated activity.
768 769 770 771	10.5	For purposes of this section, (1) "wetlands and watercourses" includes aquatic, plant or animal life and habitats in wetlands or watercourses, and (2) "habitats" means areas or environments in which an organism or biological population normally lives or occurs.
772 773 774 775 776	10.6	A municipal inland wetlands agency shall not deny or condition an application for a regulated activity in an area outside wetlands or watercourses on the basis of an impact or effect on aquatic, plant, or animal life unless such activity will likely impact or affect the physical characteristics of such wetlands or watercourses.
777	10.7	In reaching its decision on any application after a public hearing, the Agency shall base its

10.7 In reaching its decision on any application after a public hearing, the Agency shall base its decision on the record of that hearing. Documentary evidence or other material not in the hearing record shall not be considered by the Agency in its decision.
780

781 782 **Decision Process and Permit** 783 784 11.1 The Agency, or its duly authorized agent acting pursuant to Section 12 of these regulations, may, 785 in accordance with Section 10 of these regulations, grant the application as filed or grant it upon 786 other terms, conditions, limitations or modifications of the regulated activity designed to carry out the purposes and policies of the Act, or deny the application. Such terms may include any 787 788 reasonable measures which would mitigate the impacts of the regulated activity and which would: 789 790 · prevent or minimize pollution or other environmental damage, 791 • maintain or enhance existing environmental quality, or 792 · in the following order of priority: restore, enhance and create productive wetland or 793 watercourse resources. 794 795 Such terms may include restrictions as to the time of year in which a regulated activity may be 796 conducted, provided the Agency or its agent, determines that such restrictions are necessary to carry 797 out the policy of sections 22a-36 to 22a-45r inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes. 798 799 11.2 No later than sixty-five (65) days after receipt of an application, the Agency may hold a public hearing 800 on such application. At such hearing any person or persons may appear and be heard and may be 801 represented by agent or attorney. The hearing shall be completed within thirty-five (35) days of its commencement. Action shall be taken on applications within thirty-five (35) days after 802 803 completion of a public hearing. In the absence of a public hearing, action shall be taken on applications within sixty-five (65) days from the date of receipt of the application. The applicant may consent 804 805 to one or more extensions of the periods specified in this subsection, provided the total extension of all such periods shall not be for longer than sixty-five (65) days, or may withdraw the 806 807 application. The failure of the Agency to act within any time period specified in this subsection, 808 or any extension thereof, shall not be deemed to constitute approval of the application. An application deemed incomplete by the Agency shall be withdrawn by the applicant or denied by the Agency. 809 810 The Agency shall state upon its record the reasons and bases for its decision. 811 11.3 812 813 11.4 The Agency shall notify the applicant and any person entitled to such notice of its decision within 814 fifteen (15) days of the date of the decision by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the 815 Agency shall cause notice of its order in the issuance or denial of the permit, to be published in a newspaper having general circulation in the town wherein the inland wetland or watercourse lies. 816 817 In any case in which such notice is not published within such fifteen day period, the applicant may 818 provide for the publication of such notice within ten days thereafter. 819 820 If an activity authorized by an inland wetland permit also involves an activity which requires a 11.5 zoning or subdivision approval, special zoning permit, or variance or special exception, under sections 821 822 8-3(g), 8-3c, or 8-26 of the Connecticut General Statues, the Agency shall file a copy of the 823 decision and report on the application with the Town of Salisbury Planning and Zoning 824 Commission within fifteen days of the date of the decision thereon. 825 826 Any permit issued by the Agency for the development of property land for which an approval 11.6 827 is required under chapters 124, 124b, 126 or 126asection 8-3, 8-25 or 8-26 of the Connecticut General Statutes shall (i) not take effect until each such approval, as applicable, granted under such chapter has 828 829 taken effect, and (ii) be valid until the approval granted under such chapter expires or for ten years, whichever is earlier. shall be valid for five years provided the Agency may establish a specific time 830 831 period within which any regulated activity shall be conducted. Any permit issued by the Agency for 832 any other activity shall be valid for not less than two years and not more than five years.

Section 11

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834 835 836	<u>11.7</u>	Notwithstanding the provisions of Regulation 11.6 above, any permit issued prior to July 1, 2011, that has not expired prior to July 12, 2021, shall expire not less than fourteen years after the date of such approval. Any such permit shall be renewed upon request of the permit holder unless the agency finds
837		that there has been a substantial change in circumstances that requires a new permit application or an
838 839		enforcement action has been undertaken with regard to the regulated activity for which the permit was issued, provided no such permit shall be valid for more than nineteen years.
840		issued, provided no such permit shall be valid for more than inneteen years.
841		
842 843	11.8	Notwithstanding the provisions of Regulation 11.6 and 11.7 above, any permit issued on or after July 1, 2011, but prior to June 10, 2021, that did not expire prior to March 10, 2020, shall expire not less than
844 844		fourteen years after the date of such approval. Any such permit shall be renewed upon request of the
845		permit holder unless the agency finds that there has been a substantial change in circumstances that
846		requires a new permit application or an enforcement action has been undertaken with regard to the
847 848		regulated activity for which the permit was issued, provided no such permit shall be valid for more than nineteen years.
849	11.6	
850		
851	<u>11.7</u> <u>11.</u>	<u>9</u> No permit issued by the Agency shall be assigned or transferred without the written permission
852 853		of the Agency.
854	11.8 11.	.10 If a bond or insurance is required in accordance with section 13 of these regulations, the Agency
855		may withhold issuing the permit until such bond or insurance is provided.
856	11.011	11 Consult and in the insurance of all associate
857 858	11.9<u>11.</u>	<u>11</u> General provisions in the issuance of all permits:
859		a. All permits issued by the Agency are subject to and do not derogate any present or future
860		rights or powers of the Agency or the Town of Salisbury and convey no rights in real estate or
861 862		material nor any exclusive privileges, and are further subject to any and all public and private rights and to any federal, state, and municipal laws or regulations pertinent to the
862 863		subject land or activity.
864		b. If the activity authorized by the Agency's permit also involves an activity which requires
865		zoning or subdivision approval, special permit, variance or special exception under sections 8.3(g),
866		8-3c, or 8-26 of the Connecticut General Statutes, no work pursuant to the wetland permit may
867 868		begin until such approval is obtained.c. In constructing the authorized activities, the permittee shall implement such management practices
869		consistent with the terms and conditions of the permit as needed to control storm water
870		discharges and to prevent erosion and sedimentation and to otherwise prevent pollution of
871		wetlands and watercourses.
872 873		 d. Permits are not transferable without the prior written consent of the Agency. e. The permittee shall notify the Salisbury Inland Wetlands Agent immediately upon the
873 874		commencement of work and its completion. A pre-construction meeting with the contractor and the
875		Agent is required.
876		f. All work and all regulated activities conducted pursuant to this authorization shall be consistent
877 878		with the terms and conditions of this permit. Any structures, excavation, fill, obstructions,
878 879		encroachments, or regulated activities not specifically identified and authorized herein shall constitute a violation of this permit and may result in its modification, suspension or revocation.
880		g. In evaluating an application, the Commission and their Agent rely on the information provided by
881		the applicant. If such information is subsequently proven to be false, incomplete or misleading, this
882		permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked and the permittee may be subject to any other
883 884		remedies or penalties provided by law. h. The permittee shall employ the practices as outlined in the 2002 CT E & S Guidelines, March 2002
-00 -		ii. The permate shart employ the practices as outmod in the 2002 CT E & 5 Outdonnes, Match 2002

885		edition and amendments, consistent with the terms and condition of this permit, to control storm
886		water discharges and to prevent erosion and sedimentation and to otherwise prevent pollution of
887		wetlands or watercourses.
888	<u>i.</u>	The permittee shall immediately inform the Agent of any problems involving the wetlands or
889		watercourses that have developed or are caused by the authorized work.
890	j	No equipment or material including without limitation, fill construction materials or debris shall be
891		deposited, placed or stored in any wetland or watercourse on the site except as authorized by this
892		permit_
893	k.	This authorization is subject to and does not derogate any rights and powers of the Town of
894		Salisbury, conveys no property rights or exclusive privileges, and is subject to all public and
895		private rights and to all applicable federal, state and local laws. In conducting and maintaining any
896		activities authorized herein, the permittee may not cause pollution, impairment or destruction of the
897		wetlands and watercourses.
898	1.	If the activity authorized also involves activity or a project that requires zoning or subdivision
899		approval, special permit, variance, or special exception, no work pursuant to the wetlands permit
900		may begin until such approval is obtained.
901	<u>m.</u>	The permittee shall maintain sediment and erosion controls at the site in such an operable condition
902		as to prevent the pollution of wetlands and watercourses. Said controls are to be inspected by the
903		permittee for deficiencies at least once per week and immediately after rain events. The permittee
904		shall correct any such deficiencies within 24 hours of said deficiency being found. The permittee
905		shall maintain such control measures until all areas of disturbed soils, at the site, are stabilized.
906	<u>n.</u>	Erosion and sediment controls must be installed and inspected prior to construction.
907	<u>d.o</u>	The site must be stabilized within 30 days of completing any ground disturbance.
908		

Section 12 Action by Duly Authorized Agent

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911		
912	12.1	The Agency may delegate to its duly authorized agent the authority to approve or extend a license for
913		an activity that is not located in a wetland or watercourse when such agent finds that the conduct
914		of such activity would result in no greater that a minimal impact on any wetlands or watercourses
915		provided such agent has completed the comprehensive training program developed by the
916		Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection pursuant to section 22a-39 of the Connecticut
917		General Statutes. Requests for such approval shall be made on a form provided by the Agency and
918		shall contain the information listed under Section 7.5 of these regulations and any other information the
919		Agency may reasonably require. Notwithstanding the provisions for receipt and processing applications
920		prescribed in Sections 8, 9 and 11 of these regulations, such agent may approve or extend such an activity
921		at any time.
922		
923	12.2	Any person receiving such approval from such agent shall, within ten days of the date of such approval,
924		publish, at the applicant's expense, notice of the approval in a newspaper having a general circulation in
925		the town wherein the activity is located or will have an effect. Any person may appeal such decision of
926		such agent to the Agency within fifteen days after the publication date of the notice and the Agency shall
927		consider such appeal at its next regularly scheduled meeting provided such meeting is no earlier than
928		three business days after receipt by such Agency or its agent of such appeal. Any person may appear and
929		be heard at the meeting held by the Agency to consider the subject appeal. The Agency shall, at its
930		discretion, sustain, alter, or reject the decision of its agent or require an application for a permit in
931		accordance with Section 7 of these regulations.
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933 934		Section 13 Bond and Insurance
935		
936	13.1	The Agency may require as a permit condition the filing of a bond with such surety in such
937		amount and in a form approved by the Agency.
938		
939	13.2	The bond or surety shall be conditioned on compliance with the provisions of these regulations
940 941		and the terms, conditions and limitations established in the permit.
942	13.3	Upon completion of all or part of the work guaranteed by such bond, the person posting a financial
943		guarantee may request a release of all or a portion of such financial guarantee. The commission or its
944		agent shall, not later than thirty sixty five days after receiving such request,
945		(A) release or authorize the release of any such financial guarantee or portion thereof, provided the
946		commission or its agent is reasonably satisfied that the site improvements for which such financial
947		guarantee or portion thereof was posted have been completed, or
948		(B) provide the person posting such financial guarantee with a written explanation as to the additional
949 979		site improvements that must be completed before such financial guarantee or portion thereof may
950		be released.
951 952		
952		

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953 954 955		Section 14 Enforcement
955 956 957 958 959 960 961	14.1	The Agency may appoint an agent or agents to act on its behalf with the authority to issue notices of violation or cease and desist orders and carry out other actions or investigations necessary for the enforcement of these regulations. In carrying out the purposes of this section, the Agency or its duly authorized agent shall take into consideration the criteria for decision under section 10.2 of these regulations.
962 963 964 965	14.2	The Agency or its agent may make regular inspections at reasonable hours of all regulated activities for which permits have been issued with the consent of the property owner or the authorized agent of the owner during the life of the permit.
966 967 968 969	14.3	In the case in which a permit has not been issued or a permit has expired, the Agency or its agent may make regular inspections at reasonable hours with the consent of the property owner or the authorized agent of the property owner.
909 970 971 972 973	14.4	If the Agency or its duly authorized agent finds that any person is conducting or maintaining any activity, facility or condition which is in violation of the Act or these regulations, the Agency or its duly authorized agent may:
973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986		a. issue a written order by certified mail, return receipt requested, to such person conducting such activity or maintaining such facility or condition to immediately cease such activity or to correct such facility or condition. Within ten (10) calendar days of the issuance of such order the Agency shall hold a hearing to provide the person an opportunity to be heard and show cause why the order should not remain in effect. The Agency shall consider the facts presented at the hearing and within ten (10) days of the completion of the hearing notify the person by certified mail that the original order remains in effect, that a revised order is in effect, or that the order has been withdrawn. The Agency shall publish notice of its decision in a newspaper having general circulation in the municipality. The original order shall be effective upon issuance and shall remain in effect until the Agency affirms, revises or withdraws the order. The issuance of an order pursuant to this subsection shall not delay or bar an action pursuant to section 22a-44(b) of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended.
987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996		b. issue a notice of violation to such person conducting such activity or maintaining such facility or condition, stating the nature of the violation, the jurisdiction of the Agency, and prescribing the necessary action and steps to correct the violation including, without limitation, halting work in wetlands or watercourses. The Agency may request that the individual appear at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Agency to discuss the unauthorized activity, and/or provide a written reply to the notice or file an application for the necessary permit. Failure to carry out the action(s) directed in a notice of violation may result in issuance of the order provided in section 14.4(a) or other enforcement proceedings as provided by law.
996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002	14.5	The Agency may suspend or revoke a permit if it finds that the permittee has not complied with the terms, conditions or limitations set forth in the permit or has exceeded the scope of the work as set forth in the application including application plans. Prior to revoking or suspending any permit, the Agency shall issue notice to the permittee, personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address on file with the Tax Assessor's Office, setting forth the facts or conduct which warrants the intended action. The Agency shall hold a hearing to provide the

1003permittee an opportunity to show that it is in compliance with its permit and any and all1004requirements for retention of the permit. The permittee shall be notified of the Agency's decision to

1005 1006 1007 1008	suspend, revoke, or maintain a permit by certified mail within fifteen (15) days of the date of its decision. The Agency shall publish notice of the suspension or revocation in a newspaper having general circulation in the municipality.
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1009		Section 15
1010		Amendments
1011		
1012	15.1	These regulations and the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Map for the Town of Salisbury may
1013		be amended, from time to time, by the Agency in accordance with changes in the Connecticut General
1014		Statutes or regulations of the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, or as
1015		new information regarding soils and inland wetlands and watercourses becomes available.
1016	15.0	
1017	15.2	An application filed with the Agency which is in conformance with the applicable inland
1018		wetlands regulations as of the date of the receipt of such application shall not be required
1019 1020		thereafter to comply with any change in inland wetland regulations, including changes to setbacks
1020		and buffers, taking effect on or after the date of such receipt and any appeal from the decision of such Agency with respect to such application shall not be dismissed by the Superior Court on the
1021		grounds that such a change has taken effect on or after the date of such receipt. The provisions of
1022		this section shall not be construed to apply
1023		uns section shall not be construct to appry
1025		(1) to the establishment, amendment or change of boundaries of inland wetlands or watercourses or
1026		(2) to any change in regulations necessary to make such regulations consistent with the provisions
1027		of the Act as of the date of such receipt.
1028		
1029	15.3	These regulations and the Town of Salisbury Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Map shall be amended
1030		in the manner specified in section 22a-42a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended. The
1031		Agency shall provide the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection with a copy of
1032		any proposed regulations and notice of the public hearing to consider any proposed regulations or
1033		amendments thereto, except map amendments, at least thirty-five days before the public hearing
1034		on their adoption.
1035		
1036	15.4	Petitions requesting changes or amendments to the "Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Map,
1037		Salisbury, Connecticut, shall contain at least the following information:
1038		
1039		a. the petitioner's name, mailing address and telephone number;
1040		b. the address, or location, of the land affected by the petition;
1041		c. the petitioner's interest in the land affected by the petition
1042		d. map(s) showing the geographic location of the land affected by the petition and the existing
1043		and the proposed wetland(s) and watercourse(s) boundaries on such land in accurate detail together
1044		with the documentation supporting such proposed boundary locations; and
1045		e. the reasons for the requested action.
1046 1047	15.5	Any person who submits a petition to amend the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Map,
1047	15.5	Salisbury, Connecticut, shall bear the burden of proof for all requested map amendments. Such
1048		proof may include, but is not limited to, professional interpretation of aerial photography and
1050		remote sensing imagery, resource mapping, soils mapping, or other information acceptable to the
1050		Agency. If such person is the owner, developer or contract purchaser of the land which is the
1051		subject of the petition, or if such person is representing the interests of such an owner, developer
1053		or purchaser, in addition to the information required in subsection 15.4, the petition shall include:
1054		
1055		a. the name, mailing address and telephone number of the owner(s) of such land and owner(s) agent
1056		or other representative;
1057		b. the names and mailing addresses of the owners of abutting land;
1058		c. documentation by a soil scientist of the distribution of wetland soils on said land. Such
1059		documentation shall at a minimum include the report of the soil scientist documenting the location
1060		of wetland soils on the land and a map of the said land indicating the flag locations set by the

- 1061 soil scientist and defining the boundaries of wetland soil types; and 1062 d. map(s) showing any proposed development of the land in relation to existing and proposed wetland 1063 and watercourse boundaries. 1064 1065 15.6 Watercourses shall be delineated by a soil scientist, geologist, ecologist or other qualified 1066 individual. 1067 1068 15.7 A public hearing shall be held on petitions to amend the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Map. 1069 Notice of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the municipality where the land that is the subject of the hearing is located at least twice at intervals of 1070 1071 not less than two days, the first not more than fifteen days, nor less than ten days, and the last not 1072 less than two days before the date set for the hearing. All materials including maps and 1073 documents relating to the petition shall be open for public inspection. 1074 1075 15.8 The agency shall hold a public hearing on a petition to amend the regulations and the Inland 1076 Wetlands and Watercourses Map within sixty-five days after receipt of such petition. The hearing 1077 shall be completed within thirty-five days after commencement. The agency shall act upon the 1078 changes requested in such petition within sixty-five days after completion of such hearing. At 1079 such hearing, any person or persons may appear and be heard and may be represented by agent 1080 or attorney. The petitioner may consent to one or more extensions of any period specified in this 1081 subsection, provided the total extension of all such periods shall not be for longer than sixty-five days, 1082 or may withdraw such petition. Failure of the agency to act within any time period specified in 1083 this subsection or any extension thereof, shall not be deemed to constitute approval of the petition.
- 108515.9The Agency shall make its decision and state, in writing, the reasons why the change in the Inland1086Wetlands and Watercourses Map was made.

1089 1090 1091		Section 16 Appeals
1092 1093	16.1	Appeal on actions of the Agency shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 22a- 43 of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended.
1094 1095 1096	16.2	Notice of such appeal shall be served upon the Agency and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection.
1090 1097 1098		

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1099		Section 17
1100		Conflict and Severance
1101		
1102	17.1	If there is a conflict among the provisions of these regulations, the provision which imposes the
1103		most stringent standards for the use of wetlands and watercourses shall govern. The invalidity of
1104		any word, clause, sentence, section, part, subsection, subdivision or provision of these regulations shall
1105		not affect the validity of any other part which can be given effect without such invalid part or
1106		parts.
1107		
1108	17.2	If there is a conflict between the provisions of these regulations and the provisions of the Act, the
1109		provisions of the Act shall govern.
1110		

Sect	ion	18
Other	Pei	mits

1112 1113		Section 18 Other Permits
1114		
1115	18.1	Nothing in these regulations shall obviate the requirements for the applicant to obtain any other assents,
1116		permits or licenses required by law or regulation by the Town of Salisbury, the State of Connecticut
1117		or the Government of the United States including any approval required by the Connecticut Department of
1118		Energy and Environmental Protection and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Obtaining such assents,
1119		permits or licenses is the sole responsibility of the applicant.
1120		

1122		Section 19
1123		Fees
1124		
1125	19.1	Method of Payment. All application fees required by these regulations shall be submitted to the
1126		Agency by check or credit card payable to the Town of Salisbury at the time the application is filed
1127		with the Agency.
1128		
1129	19.2	No application shall be granted or approved by the Agency unless the correct application fee is
1130		paid in full or unless a waiver has been granted by the Agency pursuant to subsection 19.7 of
1131		these regulations.
1132		
1133	19.3	The application fee is not refundable.
1134		
1135	19.4	Definitions. As used in this section:
1136		
1137		"Residential Uses" means activities carried out on property developed for permanent housing or being
1138		developed to be occupied by permanent housing.
1139		
1140		"Commercial uses" means activities carried out on property developed for industry, commerce, trade,
1141		recreation, or business or being developed to be occupied for such purposes, for profit or nonprofit
1142	10.5	
1143	19.5	Fee Schedule. In accordance with C.G.S. Sec. 22a-42a(e), the Inland Wetlands & Watercourses
1144		Commission may require a filing fee to be deposited with the agency. The amount of such fee shall be
1145		sufficient to cover the reasonable cost of reviewing and acting on applications and petitions, including,
1146		but not limit to, the costs of certified mailing, publications of notices and decisions and monitoring
1147		compliance with permit conditions or agency orders.
1148		a. Complex Application Fee. The Inland Wetlands Agency may charge an additional fee sufficient to
1149 1150		a. Complex Application Fee. The Inland Wetlands Agency may charge an additional fee sufficient to cover the cost of reviewing and acting on complex applications. Such fee may include, but not be
1150		limited to, the cost of retaining experts to analyze, review, and report on issues requiring such
1151		experts. The Agency or the duly authorized agent shall estimate the complex application fee which
1152		shall be submitted to the Agency by check payable to the Town of Salisbury. Any portion of
1155		the complex application fee in excess of the actual cost shall be refunded to the applicant no later
1155		than 30 days after publication of the agency's decision.
1155		than 50 days after publication of the agency 5 decision.
1157		b. Monitoring Compliance Fee and/or Permit Compliance Fee. The Inland Wetlands Agency may
1157		charge an additional fee sufficient to cover the cost of monitoring and compliance. The
1159		applicant/landowner/contractor shall submit a check payable to the Town of Salisbury in the
1160		amount determined by consultant(s) to cover the Agency or Agents costs in monitoring
1161		compliance. Any portion of the monitoring compliance fee in excess of the actual cost shall be
1162		refunded to the applicant.
1163		······································
1164	19.6	Fee Waiver. The applicant may petition the Agency to waive, reduce, or allow delayed payment of the
1165		fee. Such petitions shall be in writing and shall state fully the facts and circumstances the Agency
1166		should consider in its determination under this subsection. The Agency may waive all or part of the
1167		application fee if the Agency determines that:
1168		
1169		a. The activity applied for would clearly result in a substantial public benefit to the environment or to
1170		the public health and safety and the applicant would reasonably be deterred from initiating the
1171		activity solely or primarily as a result of the amount of the application fee, or
1172		· - · · · · ·
1173		b. The amount of the application fee is clearly excessive in relation to the cost to the Town for

- 1174 1175 1176 reviewing and processing the application.

c. The applicant has shown good cause.

- 1170 1177 1178 1179 The Agency shall state on the record the basis for all actions under this subsection.
- 1180 Exemption. Boards, commissions, councils and departments of the Town of Salisbury are exempt from 19.7 1181 all fee requirements.
- 1182

1183									
1184				Section 20					
1185					Effective E	Date of	f Regulat	ions	
1186							-		
		-					0.00		

1187	20.1	These regulations are effective upon filing in the Office of the Town Clerk and publication of
1188		notice of such filing in a newspaper having general circulation in the Town of Salisbury.

Appendix A Connecticut General Statute section 1-1(q)

For informational purposes only. For the language of the Statute currently in effect, consult the most recent version of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Except as otherwise specifically defined, the words "agriculture" and "farming" shall include cultivation of the soil, dairying, forestry, raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training and management of livestock, including horses, bees, poultry, fur-bearing animals and wildlife, and the raising or harvesting of oysters, clams, mussels, other molluscan shellfish or fish; the operation, management, conservation, improvement or maintenance of a farm and its buildings, tools and equipment, or salvaging timber or cleared land of brush or other debris left by storm, as an incident to such farming operations; the production or harvesting of maple syrup or maple sugar, or any agricultural commodity, including lumber, as an incident to ordinary farming operations or the harvesting of mushrooms, the hatching of poultry, or the construction, operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs or waterways used exclusively for farming purposes; handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing or delivering to storage or to market, or to a carrier for transportation to market, or for direct sale any agricultural or horticultural commodity as an incident to ordinary farming operations, or, in the case of fruits and vegetables, as an incident to the preparation of such fruits or vegetables for market or for direct sale. The term "farm" includes farm buildings, and accessory buildings thereto, nurseries, orchards, ranges, greenhouses, hoophouses and other temporary structures or other structures used primarily for the raising and, as an incident to ordinary farming operations, the sale of agricultural or horticultural commodities. The term "aquaculture" means the farming of the waters of the state and tidal wetlands and the production of protein food, including fish, oysters, clams, mussels and other mulluscan shellfish, on leased, franchised and public underwater farm lands. Nothing herein shall restrict the power of a local zoning authority under chapter 124.

Appendix B Connecticut General Statutes § 8-7d (a) - § 8-7d (c)

For informational purposes only. For the language of the Statute currently in effect, consult the most recent version of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Sec. 8-7d. Hearings and decisions. Time limits. Day of receipt. Notice to adjoining municipality. Public notice registry. (a) In all matters wherein a formal petition, application, request or appeal must be submitted to a zoning commission, planning and zoning commission or zoning board of appeals under this chapter, a planning commission under chapter 126 or an inland wetlands agency under chapter 440 or an aquifer protection agency under chapter 446i and a hearing is required or otherwise held on such petition, application, request or appeal, such hearing shall commence within sixty-five days after receipt of such petition, application, request or appeal and shall be completed within thirty-five days after such hearing commences, unless a shorter period of time is required under this chapter, chapter 126, chapter 440 or chapter 446i. Notice of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in such municipality where the land that is the subject of the hearing is located at least twice, at intervals of not less than two days, the first not more than fifteen days or less than ten days and the last not less than two days before the date set for the hearing. In addition to such notice, such commission, board or agency may, by regulation, provide for additional notice. Such regulations shall include provisions that the notice be mailed to persons who own land that is adjacent to the land that is the subject of the hearing or be provided by posting a sign on the land that is the subject of the hearing, or both. For purposes of such additional notice, (1) proof of mailing shall be evidenced by a certificate of mailing, (2) the person who owns land shall be the owner indicated on the property tax map or on the last-completed grand list as of the date such notice is mailed, and (3) a title search or any other additional method of identifying persons who own land that is adjacent to the land that is the subject of the hearing shall not be required. All applications and maps and documents relating thereto shall be open for public inspection. At such hearing, any person or persons may appear and be heard and may be represented by agent or by attorney. All decisions on such matters shall be rendered not later than sixty-five days after completion of such hearing, unless a shorter period of time is required under this chapter, chapter 126, chapter 440 or chapter 446i. The petitioner or applicant may consent to one or more extensions of any period specified in this subsection, provided the total extension of all such periods shall not be for longer than sixty-five days, or may withdraw such petition, application, request or appeal.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, whenever the approval of a site plan is the only requirement to be met or remaining to be met under the zoning regulations for any building, use or structure, a decision on an application for approval of such site plan shall be rendered not later than sixty-five days after receipt of such site plan. Whenever a decision is to be made on an application for subdivision approval under chapter 126 on which no hearing is held, such decision shall be rendered not later than sixty-five days after receipt of such application. Whenever a decision is to be made on an inland wetlands and watercourses application under chapter 440 on which no hearing is held, such decision is to be made on an aquifer protection area application under chapter 440 on which no hearing is held, such decision is to be made on an aquifer protection area application under chapter 440 on which no hearing is held, such decision is to be made on an aquifer protection area application under chapter 440 on which no hearing is held, such decision is to be made on an aquifer protection area application under chapter 440 on which no hearing is held, such decision shall be rendered not later than sixty-five days after receipt of such application. Whenever a decision is to be made on an aquifer protection area application under chapter 440 on which no hearing is held, such decision shall be rendered not later than sixty-five days after receipt of such application. The applicant may consent to one or more extensions of such period, provided the total period of any such extension or extensions shall not exceed sixty-five days or may withdraw such plan or application.

(c) For purposes of subsection (a) or (b) of this section and section 7-246a, the date of receipt of a petition, application, request or appeal shall be the day of the next regularly scheduled meeting of such commission, board or agency, immediately following the day of submission to such commission, board or agency or its agent of such petition, application, request or appeal or thirty-five days after such submission, whichever is sooner. If the commission, board or agency does not maintain an office with regular office hours, the office of the clerk of the municipality shall act as the agent of such commission, board or agency for the receipt of any petition, application, request or appeal.